

Information Committee P. O. Box 5037, ADEN, P.D.R.Y. (Southern Yemen)

"The deterioration of the dangers that surround the area of the Arabian Gulf, the heavy conspiracies and plotting now taking place to hit the revolution of Oman represented in its revolutionary leadership in the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman, the Iranian military interference backed by the circles of imperialism topped by the United States of America and the Western bloc."

MONTH OF APRIL 1976

- * MARCH -CONTINUED FROM THE LAST ISSUE.
- * SIXTH CONGRESS OF ARAB WORKERS CONDEMNS FOREIGN PRESENCE IN OMAN AND AFFIRMS ITS STAND BY THE SIDE OF OUR STRUGGLE.
- * REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE ORGANISATION OF OMANI WOMEN.
- * PEOPLES' ARMY LAUNCHES CONCENTRATED ATTACKS WITH ARTILLERY ON ENEMY CENTRE IN SOUTH SARFEET FOR TWO DAYS.
- * MESSAGE FROM SALLALAH: BRITISH AND JORDANIAN INTELLIGENCE KIDNAP CITIZENS.
- * MILITARY COMMUNIQUE NO: 18/76.

[illegible]

SIXTH CONGRESS OF ARAB WORKERS CONDEMNS FOREIGN PRESENCE
IN OMAN AND AFFIRMS ITS STAND BY SIDE OF OUR STRUGGLE

The General Sixth Congress of the Arab Workers General Confederation was held at Alexandria during the period 24-28 March. A delegation from the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman took part in the congress.

The speeches delivered by the delegations spoke about the struggle of our brave Omani people who are waging a patriotic struggle against the Iranian invasion, British colonialism and the traitorous Qaboos regime.

Those who addressed the congress included the delegates of the PDY, Eritrea, Libya, AAPSO and others.

At the end of the meetings the congress issued an important political statement which says:-

"The deterioration of the dangers that surround the area of the Arabian Gulf, the heavy conspiracies and plotting now taking place to hit the revolution of Oman represented in its revolutionary leadership in the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman, the Iranian military interference backed by the circles of imperialism topped by the United States of America and the alliance between the reactionary regimes in the Arabian Gulf area which play a basic role in the implementation of the colonialist plan which aims at tightening control over the Arabian Gulf area, all these need huge efforts to be made by us to foil these conspiratorial plans. The national and progressive movement in the Arabian Gulf is today subject to a fierce campaign by the reactionary forces which are backed by the imperialism and colonialist circles and that the prisons and detentions are full of hundreds of detainees from the members of our militant people particularly in Bahrain and the Arabian Peninsula. The revolution of Oman is also subject to attempts aimed at hitting it and ending it and distorting it after the great victories which were realised by it in its confrontation with the forces of foreign aggression topped by the forces of the puppet Iranian regime. Our working class and the national forces in the Arabian Gulf are today subject to different types of oppression and torture and their unionist organisations are chased and our militant workers in the area faced campaigns of terrorism and repression almost daily and openly.

ARAB WORKERS SIXTH CONGRESS - Cont'd.

The sixth general congress of the General Confederation of Arab Workers, while confirming its condemnation in full of the Iranian foreign military interference and the British interference and that of the forces of the reactionary Arab regimes in the area, declares its complete solidarity with the national liberation movements in the area and affirms its support for the revolution of Oman and the peoples of the Arabian Gulf and Arabian Peninsula.

Moreover the sixth congress of the Arab Workers General Confederation also demands the release of the political detainees and the release of union freedoms and stresses upon the necessity of extending all backing to the militant masses in the area of Oman and the Arabian Gulf and Arabian Peninsula.

REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE ORGANISATION OF
OMANI WOMEN ON 8th MARCH, 1976

The Organisation of Omani Women celebrated World Women's Day on 8th March when an artistic fete was held in the evening of Thursday 4th March. The branch of the General Union of Yemeni Women, in the Sixth Governorate, took part in the fete, which covered Yemeni and Omani folkloric dances and songs. In the morning of 8th March, a women initiative was held in which the Omani and Yemeni woman affirmed their ability to work and produce in confirmation of her historic role in the movement of the society. In the evening a rally was held to mark the occasion. Speeches were delivered at the rally to immortalise this occasion and glorify the role of the Omani, Yemeni, Arab and world women.

Afterwards and amidst the applause of those present, stood Comrade Hudda Muhad, vice-president for internal relations, to deliver the speech of the Organisation of Omani Women. She praised this day and affirmed that 8th March was a start for the huge launching of the world woman in her struggle against subjugation, and oppression. She said that the woman without organising her ranks and without overcoming the difficulties obstacles and dangers cannot win her rights and obtain her freedom. Sister Huda continued by saying that the assignment is difficult and hard in front of the woman and so she has to do her utmost continuously and to work patiently and punctually.

REPORT ON ACTIVITIES - Cont'd.

We realise the real liberation of the woman is in the field of work, science and knowledge and that the men and women alike have to realise one basic fact. This is that this society cannot be liberated without the liberation of the woman. So when man wants liberation for his society he must accept the liberation of the woman.

She also affirmed the combative role of the Omani woman as the Omani woman introduced on the path of freedom many of the female militants to prove the ability of the woman to share effectively in the struggle of our people. She also affirmed the cohesion with the struggle of the Yemeni, Arab and world woman.

At the end of her speech she warned against the opportunist attempts which exploit some of the mistakes to take of them a reason for laying more obstacles in front of the liberation of woman and her happiness.

PEOPLE'S ARMY LAUNCHES CONCENTRATED ATTACKS WITH ARTILLERY
ON ENEMY CENTRE IN SOUTH SARFEET FOR TWO DAYS

During the period from 24th March, 1976 the forces of the People's Liberation Army launched fierce attacks on the enemy forces stationed in South Sarfeet using different guns. The battles of our revolutionaries with the enemy forces were successful as the revolutionaries were able to inflict upon the enemy heavy losses in life and equipment and their defence points.

During the operations named after brave martyrs Ahmed Mohammad Ali Taher, Mohammad Masood al-Wuheishi, Salem Ragab, Muna Saeed Salem, and Khiyar Bakheet, a group from the People's Liberation Army forces operating in North Sarffet launched on 24.3.76 an artillery attack on the enemy positions lying south Sarfeet (at Qirweet, Tifsha'a and Afidel). The artillery attack continued from nine in the morning up to ten forty. Our forces repeated their artillery attack for the second time on the same positions. The second attack lasted for thirty minutes. In the morning of 25.3.76 our revolutionaries continued their heavy shelling on the same centres from 7.00 a.m. to 2.30 p.m. Another group from the People's Army also launched an attack in the same morning. The attack started from 9.30 in the morning and lasted for ten minutes.

MESSAGE FROM SALLALAH

BRITISH AND JORDANIAN INTELLIGENCE KIDNAP CITIZENS FROM
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE HOMELAND

Puppet Qaboos Meets Tribal Divisions At Their Request

In a message by one of the citizens at Sallalah he explained in it the criminal and ugly methods followed by the British and Jordanian intelligence against the masses of the Omani people. The message also contains reports on the meeting of puppet Qaboos with the tribal divisions and the outcome of this meeting. The message said that Qaboos was intending to carry out extensive liquidatory measures inside the tribal divisions but his loyal puppets advised him not to take any actions that might cause dangerous effects to the regime. The following is the message:-

The town and outskirt of Sallalah is reigned by an atmosphere full of terrorism and panic as a result of the kidnapping and assassination operations carried out by the British Intelligence in collaboration with the Jordanians and the local puppets. With the continuation of the incidents of killing and liquidations against the citizens who are not pleased with the situation new methods entered to be added to the chain of criminal acts pursued by the intelligence in chasing these who are believed to be not pleased with the foreign presence and the Qaboos hireling regime. Only recently many persons have disappeared in a mysterious manner and their fate is not known. It is believed that some of them have been killed and the others lie in the dreadful Jallalai prison.

However, the intelligence is not only confined to kidnappings and assassinations inside Oman but also kidnappings and assassinations outside the homeland as the British and Jordanian intelligence chase the citizens working in Saudi Arabia and other Arabian Gulf regions. The embassies of the Qaboos puppet government in the regions of the Arabian Peninsula and Gulf and Lebanon are in reality dens for the intelligence and carry out operations of kidnappings abroad and acts of espionage against the Omani citizens there. These embassies follow their activities, movement and works and issue threats, withdraw passports and even kidnap them by secret ways. An example was that incident happened to Ib Arra'ee - in Fayedah - in Kuwait.

MESSAGE FROM SALLALAH - Cont'd.

In Sanaa some of the citizens there have been arrested and sent to Kot al-Jallali. The former Radio director Abdullah Sakhr who disappeared from Muscat is having his fate unknown.

Following the increase of assassinations amidst the ranks of the tribal divisions the British intelligence tried to effect wide-scale liquidations within the tribal divisions. But the commands of these tribal divisions who are puppet and loyal to the British and Qaboos pointed out to puppet Qaboos the danger resulting from such measures that may lead to the dispersion of these divisions and escape of their members to the rurals and their joining the revolution.

The members of these divisions said that there is no fear from such elements working in the tribal divisions and who were formery in the revolution, since they are like the proverb which says: "the bird in the cage" and are under the hands whenever need arises for their liquidation and whenever the atmosphere is clear for that. The reason as put up by the commands of these puppet division is that so long the revolution is existing any measure against the members of the divisions will cause great danger and lead to deteriorations whose results are not known. Many instances occurred when some of these killed some of the basic puppets in these divisions then fled to the revolution. The members of these divisions stress that first the revolution must be crushed and then to direct all activities of these divisions for realising this aim. Then complete liquidation is to take place of all main falling elements whose allegiance is suspected at short and long distance.

The last thing I wish to outline in the message is the meeting of Qaboos with the members of these tribal divisions. The atmosphere was explosive and tense as the members of these divisions asked for a meeting with Qaboos on two questions:-

- 1) The operations of killings and repression carried out by the servants of the sultans against the citizens without a deterrent.
- 2) to pass amnesty for the detainees in the prisons of the sultanate.

As said Qaboos met with these who put up for him their demands. It was also said that as Qaboos regards the revolution as ended he was asked to release all detainees and to make his servants stop their crimes. They were promised by Qaboos to realise these demands but up to now this promise was not fulfilled.

MARCH - Cont'd.

Some of the observers are mistaken when they imagine that the general sector (public sector) existing in the Gulf area, is a symbol for a (socialist system) as these oppressive regimes which secure all revenues and royalties, only extend some services to the citizens and establish essential bases for an economy that cannot increase except with the increase of the profits of the monopolies and those connected with them inside the country.

American imperialism has created in the tribal families a basic allies for it. So it linked them with a collection of military, political and economic agreements. It also depended on the comprador and landlord bourgeoisie class which wants to increase its profits by playing the role of mediator between the monopolies and the local market.

On the other hand, the tribal families and the bourgeoisie and landlord class found that their fate is closely linked with the monopolies and the imperialist countries as the oil and goods cannot be obtained without typical dependence upon their masters. Several times it was discovered that European or American imperialism is capable of protecting them and bringing them back to the throne or arranging a fake coup for them as it happened in Iran in 1953 and in Muscat in 1970.

Country	1973	1974
United States	1288,7	3441.5
England	1011	1780.9
France	501.2	709.7
Japan	1299.36	2767.6
Soviet Union	318,65	398,32

The above table shows the size of exports to the Gulf area from the capitalist countries and the Soviet Union in million dollars. This excludes the military sales.

.....

MARCH, - Cont'd

2) These regimes can through arming and American training face political opposition and popular revolutions and in the event of the failure of some Emirates to reply to the revolutions and popular movements, they can give greater roles to Iranian and Saudi reactions. But in Iran and Saudi Arabia the military institutions which are looked after by the United States are sure to reply to any popular movements depending upon the expertise of the American central intelligence and the numerous repressive machineries from the military bases and the military advisers and through direct military interference.

What we want to confirm, through events and their development in the Gulf during the recent years, is that American imperialism aims at thwarting the national movement and not to allow it to flourish or grow and to direct continuous blows to it to an extent that they are unable to topple down any of the regimes in the area.

But not what the American imperialism wants can be realised as the will and wish of the peoples is stronger than the will of imperialism and these peoples can expel the plans of the Americans when they depend upon themselves and their natural allies and make use of the contradictions existing amidst the ranks of the enemy so that the head of the spear is directed to the main enemy. They are also to work for making the secondary enemies select the non-aligned road or to make use of them in a certain stage.

How Matters went On amidst the Ranks of the Reactionaries?

The imperialists are working to create safety valves for them and for their allies to an extent that matters are not lost from their hands. But the general events have proved that the objective laws are stronger than the safety valves to be created by the imperialists and that the internal growth of the forces of production inside these countries and the growth of the interests of each country and its endeavour first to have control over its local market and then to expand at the expense of others, is the history of the imperialist countries. In the Gulf area a sharp conflict is taking place between Iranian reaction and Saudi reaction on the areas of influence in the Emirates basically and over the Gulf wealths lying in the continental shelf.

..... /

MARCH - Cont'd.

This contradiction was created by a collection of residues at internal level of the each country as ever since American depended upon Iran and ever since the increase of the Iranian oil production, there started to grow in an increasing manner the Iranian bourgeoisie which is closely linked with monopolies and this started to increase the oppressive rifts and empire expansionism of the Shah of Iran who is now ambitious since a while to annex the Gulf states to his empire and is endeavouring to tie the whole area with Iran through arms and force.

The policy of America to create a strong Iran, had created circumstances for fellowship bourgeoisie - either the industrial or the service sector - to play a greater role in the Gulf area. So the Shah of Iran started to call upon these States to invest their wealths in Iran instead of sending them to America.

The Iranian Keihan newspaper called for the establishment of a joint Gulf market to draw up a joint financial policy for investing and exploiting the oil revenues.

Iran started to play the role of gendarme, but not only for the account of American imperialism but also for its own account. This made the allies of American imperialism start to show fears and follow policies for defending themselves and their interests.

As to Saudi Arabia, it started to grow during the sixties and at the beginning of the seventies and during this period a bourgeoisie class started to come out with its main features (landlord and trade). The number of cultured and technocrats started to increase at a time in which the revolution also increased to an extent that it is not possible to continue using the Wahabite line for dealing with the revolution. Moreover, the Saudi policy is also signified by the expansionist shape for having control on the small emirates in the first stage of the Saudi rule and also during the second stage but its expansion was not curbed except by British colonialism which stood in wait for this movement and tried to chain it like other Emirates.

The forthcoming development that took place in the economic structure had reflected itself on the Saudi attitudes in addition to the roles that might be undertaken by Saudi Arabia in the Arabian ocean. This had created more contradictions especially

MARCH - Cont'd.

that Iranian reaction which is given bigger roles by American imperialism, looks with great disguise and cleverness to the Arab countries, and does not hesitate to show this great hatred against the Arab people and to declare its preparedness to shoulder the Saudi role in the areas of Saudi influence themselves.

This Status Quo Cannot Be Ignored

On one hand American imperialism wants to use all the Gulf countries for crushing the Iranian revolutionary movement and other Gulf movements and to ensure security and stability for its monopolies so that they do not fall in the hands of the national movement.

On the other it wants Iran to play an increasing role in safeguarding the imperialist interests as the Shah had continuously announced that he is protecting sixty per cent of the world oil. (The Shah started to work to become the protector of the world oil veins. Where the economic interests and areas of influence clash, the policy of debates and defence of self in the face of the expansionism and Iranian tyranny appears legitimate with the Arab side.

The attention by the Americans for Iran is linked with the American plan in the Arabian Gulf and Indian ocean and all areas surrounding Iran. This was expressed by the chief-editor of the Newsweek when he said: "The United States bets on the Shah of Iran for protecting the oil flows from the Arabian Gulf to the West, and to ensure the continuation of their flow. This is in addition to the bids carried out by American for supplying Iran with huge quantities of weapons to make it the strongest State in the area. It also prepared a huge programme for training the Iranian officers and sending hundreds of these officers to Israel. Washington also established along with Tel Aviv an active espionage network to collect information on the military developments in all parts of the Middle East.

Moreover, the following figures for the American advisers, who received military training of different types at the hands of the officials and American corporations, point out the size of American attention for the area.

.....10.....

MARCH - Cont'd.

	Number of American Experts	Number of Trainees in U.S. from concer- ned countries	In Other Countries	Total
Iran	199	9018	1789	10807
Saudi Arabia	124	15932	204	1326
Turkey	159	1122	2575	18507
Greece	61	11980	2164	14444

a) This does not include the hundreds of experts under special contracts or those brought by the American companies from all fields. The figure is confined to the experts in accordance with military agreements between the United States and the governments of the concerned countries.

The roles that will be carried out by Iran in future are more bigger than the roles being carried out by it at present whether in the Arabian Peninsula or the Indian Ocean.

b) In spite of the continuous talk three months ago about the liquidation of the armed revolution, the Iranian forces are still existing in Oman, and are building further military bases in Tharceet, Hairoot, Sarceet and other places in Dhofar region. These bases cover huge airfields for receiving the Phantom air craft and others.

Although the Arab countries which are eager about the return of the Iranian forces back to their borders and their non-stay in Oman, have been impressed that these forces have completed the assignment of helping Qaboos to liquidate the armed revolution - in accordance with allegations by both sides - yet they were surprised and shocked by the stay of the Iranian forces and welcome by Qaboos of their stay to share in other acts. These huge military bases cannot end a revolution which is depending upon the political masses and the organised masses who are prepared to sacrifice for the homeland and ready to wage a just war against the occupationist enemy, although they can render strong blows to them and limit their spread for some time.

MARCH - Cont'd.

There is another strategic aim which orbits in the mind of the Iranian authorities. This is to bounce on the Democratic Yemen and to liquidate this progressive regime which distributed the Americans for a long time and were unable to liquidate it, and created other difficulties for Saudi reaction in North Yemen. They also want to rally behind Saudi Arabia so that it remains under the striking Iranian shield.

b) Iranian reaction is working to obtain facilities and military bases in the Indian Ocean and since 1973 the Government of Mauritius islands agreed to grant Iran military facilities in its ports in return for financial aid the value of which was not revealed.

e) Iranian fascism is weaving cordial relations with the racial governments in South Africa and during the recent period talk increased on the possibility of creating a military pact between Australia, Iranian and South Africa so that it plays an increasing role in safeguarding the American interests and the other interests of imperialism in the Indian Ocean.

The increasing dependance of American imperialism on Iran had frightened and scared Arab reaction which started to realise that Iranian reaction wants to arrange things on the way it wants and that it will not hesitate to interfere in the Arab territories when the shah feels that certain danger threatens that area. Moreover the declarations of the Shah stir panic and fears in these reactionaries as as they said more than once that they do not know what is going under their feet and that he knows about the conditions of their countries more than they know. The Shah behaves with the Gulf states as if they are his colonies.

This is the result reached by the Gulf countries which discovered that Iranian reaction is not behaving like a neighbour not wanting to interfere in the affairs of his neighbours, but always ready to invoke himself on them and to show them a hard stick as well as to direct warnings and threats to abandon any project not conforming with his desire as it happened with the Arabian Gulf News Agency project.

The Revolutionary Forces and the Imperialist Offensive

During the past two years, the imperialist forces directed a strong offensive against the revolutionary movement for liquidating it and uprooting it depending in that upon Iranian reaction on one hand and puppet local reaction on the other.

MARCH - Cont'd.

This offensive on the Onani arena was signified by the huge flow of the Iranian army on Dhofar and the other Onani areas with the aim of winning the war in a very short period possible and to prove the correctness of the theory repeated by the shah that he is capable of protecting the area against the "saboteurs".

At the same time the intelligence and other repressive machineries were launching periodical offensives on the national and revolutionary elements and were combing the towns and villages all over the "Sultanate" of Onan for uprooting the revolutionary roots and liquidating them and isolating them from the masses by putting them in the prisons and detentions.

While the Onani people and their vanguard the People's Front for the Liberation of Onan were facing this flagrant aggression and inflicting many defeats upon it and suffers from a lot of pains and agonies in the battlefield and detentions in every onani village and town, the Bahraini people were also facing another plan which is pouring in the same course. This appeared when the Bahraini authority launched several savage campaigns against the labour and nationalist movement to uproot it and liquidate complete. These campaigns were resembled in arrests in 1973 and 1974 and lastly the extensive campaign in August, 1975 and dissolution of the National Assembly and shelving of the constitutional life and placing the country under the Direct State Security Act as well as chasing and arresting nationalists and putting them in prisons without trials.

In other areas the democratic movement faces several difficulties in the face of this extensive offensive by the reactionary forces. These democratic movements need continuous help for making them overcome these difficulties on one hand and for maintaining solidarity with them to face the common enemy.

The strategic enemy is American imperialism which is directing all plans against the revolutionary movement whether through the puppet reactionary countries or through their intelligence machineries which are scattered in the area to check off all revolutionary forces. Therefore, our people are facing this shameless imperialism no matter behind what veils it hides whether the old imperialist facades as is the

MARCH - Cont'd.

in Oman and whatever local Iranian positions or others it used as is the case in Oman as well.

Iranian reaction is playing the role of gendarme and partner at the same time of imperialism threatening all peoples and countries of the area. Although it is now directing the spearhead to the revolutionary forces, it will not hesitate to annex the territories of others as it happened in 1971 on the three Omani islands and will not hesitate to direct insults and warnings against the other reactionary forces in the area as it happened on more than one occasion the last of which was when the Arabian Gulf countries announced the formation of the Arabian Gulf News Agency.

This places us in front of the issue completely. American imperialism which wants to have complete control over our area, is using the Iranian stick to hit our peoples and to loot our territories, feeding by that the chauvenist and expansionist trends of the Shah, taking advantage of the conflicts on the Arab side between the reactionary countries to sabotage this side and to wrest further gains for the Iranian side. Therefore, the imperialist-expansionist Iranian danger is not aimed at the revolutionary forces only but is also aimed at the Arabian Gulf countries and all national forces opposing the Iranian hegemony and the Iranian control over the Gulf areas.

The revolutionary forces refuse that the Shah is to place himself as a trustee for world oil and the requirements of the industrial countries as there are other oil-producing Arab countries and there are peoples knowing the historical role to be played at the level of the requirements of the other world peoples for oil energy. Our peoples are not stupid and wild - as picture by the Shah of Iran - to deprive other peoples of their wealths but they will use this weapons against the enemies of peoples and in particular the world monopolies and their servants in power in the imperialist countries. The Omani revolution stood with great heroism in front of the Iranian march and inflicted upon the Iranian army heavy losses and also revealed the agreements concluded by Qaboos with the Shah of Iran on Hormez Strait and the danger posed by these agreements to all Gulf countries. The revolution also stood with heroism in the face of the Iranian invasion, occupation and expansion to defend the Omani territories and also in front

MARCH - Cont'd.

in the face of the Iranian greeds which came into implementation after having been hoisted for several years before. It also introduced many martyrs and sacrifices and at the same time obstructed the implementation of the plan and still obstructs it affirming that the revolution will not bow to the power and force of imperialism and its ally Iran and confirming that it does not aim at launching war against Iran and that the Omani people have no expansionist greeds nor aggressive intentions against any other country. It is also eager about the stability of peace of peoples and their security and right to establish any regime they like without the foreign interference.

Such a status quo requires, undoubtedly, proper and sound policies through which it is possible to overcome the imperialist enemy and to deter Iranian reaction, chain it and stop it at a certain limit and not to allow it to exceed the borders of others.

1) Continuous affirmation that the strategic enemy is American imperialism and that the American interests are so huge and extensive to an extent that makes imperialism feel confident basically to Iranian reaction, places on the shoulder of all revolutionary and nationalist forces and all national and Arab countries huge responsibilities for confronting this American plan which is hiding behind the Shah-in-Shah peacock. Therefore, it is a must to fight all elements, forces and countries which imagine that the Americans are allies to our Arab peoples at this stage, and to expose their positions and links and not to hide them. Cohesion, cooperation and coordination is necessary between the revolutionary and nationalist forces and the nationalist countries hostile to the attitudes of America and Iran, for confronting this American plan and directing blows to it and not to allow it to create further aggressive plans.

Certain people imagine that the Americans cannot be defeated and this is a great mistake as we did not attack the Americans but they came to our country to loot it and have control on it and we cannot keep quiet over such a state of affair. We are required to protect ourselves. American imperialism at present is acting from a point of weakness, and collapse and wants through its awkward statements and threats by its officials to establish confidence in its

.....15/.....

MARCH - Cont'd.

puppets and to frighten the militant peoples. The correctness of this was proved in more than one place in the world. But American and Iranian threats also find effect when they find no resistance and when these countries bow merely on hearing the threats as was the case with the Arabian Gulf news agency and American threats to occupy the oilfields.

2) A broad Arab front from the revolutionary forces to the national and reactionary Arab countries which do not like the Iranian behaviours and express such indignation through different stands. The revolutionary forces stand against the Iranian expansionist plan and calls for its determen and for halting the Shah at his limits and they are carrying the weapons and and fight the occupationist invaders and will not drop the arms before the eyacuation of the foreign occupationist forces.

But some Arab countries think that the political and economic relations with Iran and not to talk about it and even to come close to it and give it increasing facilities and prove goodwill, are sure to deter Iran and make her economic and political interests in the Arab area overcome its annexation and expansionist greeds in Oman and the Azabian Gulf.

During the sixties and the beginning of the seventies there was an extensive propaganda campaign against Iranian reaction and although some of these campaigns took the cheuvenist form for self-defence, yet they were pouring in the course of enlightening the citizen with the danger represented by Iranian reaction which many of the national forces did not hesitate to call it as the Israeli danger in the Gulf. This propaganda played its role in placing blocks in ffront of Iranian reaction and its masters in the area and was forced to abandon some claims and not to disclose its greeds as it was its prvious method. It started to use cunning methods to overcome such hostility which also carries hostility against American imperialism basically. It also carries hostility against Iranian reaction for implementing the American plan in Iran and the area surrounding it and not from any other place.

.....16/.....

MARCH - Cont'd.

But the tranquillisation policies have opened an extensive road for Iranian reaction to penetrate into Arab territories. The Americans realised that dependance upon Iran for implementing their plans is far better than dependance upon Israel not only in the Arab territories but also in Africa, and the Indian Ocean.

In the light of these tranquillisation policies, it started to direct blows to the revolutionary forces in Oman and to send threats to the Arab rulers in the Gulf without finding the suitable deterrent.

Some of the Arab countries imagine that the armed revolution is the cause for the Iranian military presence in Oman and call for the suspension of the armed revolution in order not to give Iran justifications for sending its army to the Arab sector of the Gulf.

This spirit of defeat and weakness which belittles the will and ability of peoples and which imagines that imperialism will forgive us if we bowed to it and will leave our territories later, only expresses that meanness that clamped these countries and made run behind American imperialism to press on Israel to realise their demands and are ready to tolerate great insults as they are accustomed to.

Our people reject such spirit of defeat and also rejects to liquify matters to the extent of showing the enemy as a friend and the friend as an enemy,.

Some of the Arab countries live from the revolution and secure some aid for the role that might be played by them in "bearing pressure upon the revolution or its main allies," and imagine that by undertaking the role of mediator either through the Arab League and its fact-finding mission or in a direct manner through visits by the Arab officials to Muscat, will crush the revolution and realise the ambitions of the Iranian and Arab reactionary allies. Those who think that the revolution can be liquidated through peaceful ways is mistaken just for one main reason. This is that the revolution is depending upon the masses, the owner of the national issue, and that the revolution is not a group of murder amateurs, but is defending its territories and prestige and the right of the Omani people for freedom, independence and determination of the regime it wants and no force can stop the will of our people to continue the struggle against the aggressors...

.....17/.....

MARCH - Cont'd.

3) The revolutionary forces are wanted to pile up their ranks for facing the strategic enemy in the whole area. The revolutionnary forces have exerted great energies and realised several gains through the previous stage and managed to put out organisational forms between them and replace them by superior forms conforming with the development of the economic, social and political conditions and the nature of confrontation in this country or that. It is now in need to creating superior forms in relations between them so that they entirely pour in one course no matter how numerous the ways followed provided that the superior organisational forms are created as needed by the present situation.

The Omani revolution which is standing in the forefront to confront the imperialist and Iranian expansionist greeds is in need to extensive backing from all revolutionary and national forces in the Gulf area, whether this backing is crystalised in standing politically and through information by its side and to reveal all distorted propaganda circulated by the circles of imperialism and reaction in Muscat or by forming a support front for the revolution in this area.

This calls for a meeting by all national and democratic forces in the Gulf area to discuss the present situation and the roles that must be undertaken by each of the parties for supporting the revolution and backing it.

4) The revolution realises thoroughly well that the reactionary forces cannot stand against the Iranian expansion and the American greeds with the same seriousness, fierceness and firmness stood by the liberation forces. But there are circumstances calling for reduction of contradictions amongst some of the national and reactionary Arab countries and the revolutionary forces for confronting the common enemy and his greeds. The Omani revolution, emanating from its militant stands and full awareness towards the interests of the other Arab parties whether as a political force or countries in the Arabian Gulf area, realises thoroughly well that there are possibilities for a common work against the common enemy by full recognition of the rights of the Omani people and their national ambitions and by not falling behind imaginations to liquidate the revolution by dealing with it but by recognising the historical role undertaken by it for confronting the imperialist occupationists and invaders and their servants in Teheran.

MARCH - Cont'd.

Identity over the joint national interests and their defence in the Arabian Gulf area, demands the isolation of the reactionary forces which stand with American imperialism and the expansionist Shah and the corrupt clique in Muscat led by Qaboos. It also calls for prompt assessment of the ability of all parties to confront the common enemy and not to lay down dreams bigger than the potentialities of these parties so that the revolutionary forces are not sunk in dreams.

5) The policy of uniting the revolutionary forces in the area and piling up its ranks and to make the basic contradiction overcome all other secondary contradictions within the ranks of the people whether in every region or at the level of the area as a whole, and to make use of contradictions amongst the Arab forces and countries with Iran winning them to the side of the revolution and to concentrate greatly on the strategic objective of our struggle to expel the foreign forces and to establish the regime accepted by the Omani people and to deter Iranian reaction and not to allow it to go further in belittling our national rights in the Gulf area, this proper policy is sure capable of confronting the imperialists and their puppets and foiling the American plan in the Gulf area.

.....19/..

-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-o-

The revolutionary forces... forces cannot stand... American groups with the same seriousness, firmness and firmness... forces for confronting the common enemy and his groups. The... full awareness towards the interests of the other Arab... parties whether as a political force or countries in the Arabian... Gulf area, realizes thoroughly well that there are possibilities... for a common work against the common enemy by full recognition... of the rights of the Omani people and their national aspirations... and by not falling behind imagination to liquidate the revolution... by dealing with it but by recognizing the historical role... undertaken by it for confronting the imperialist occupiers and... and invaders and their servants in Tehran.

.....188.....

MILITARY REPORT

FORCES OF REVOLUTION IN EASTERN SECTOR OF MOFAR REGION
CONFRONT FORCES OF IRANIAN AND BRITISH INVASION AND
MERCENARIES OF QABOOS AND INFLECT UPON THEM HEAVY LOSSES

Military Communique No. 18/76

On 3.4.76 the enemy advanced from his centre at Shirkh which is situated in the Eastern region to the highlands of Afroog situated in the north-east of the enemy centre at Shirkh. As the enemy forces were advancing our brave revolutionaries were watching their movements. At five in the evening one of our groups attacked the advance of the enemy and engaged him in a very fierce battle which continued for ten minutes during which our comrades controlled completely the battle and the enemy did not resist. During this heroic battle the enemy sought the help of all light and heavy weapons which started to comb the area in a hysterical manner. Enemy losses during this battle were not assessed up to this moment. No casualties were incurred by us. On 5.4.76 the enemy tried to advance to Ahlil highlands but our forces were in watch for their movements and confronted them heroically. At 3.15 in the afternoon of the same day a group of the forces of the revolution operating in the eastern sector clashed with the enemy forces in the foreward in the fierce battle which continued for fifteen minutes during which our brave revolutionaries managed to kill and wound two enemy members. No casualties were sustained by us.

In the morning of 6.4. the enemy forces advanced from the town of Taga in a convoy of vehicles. When the enemy vehicles arrived to Kizeet Akhif highlands, the enemy forces went on foot to the direction of Kidonam highlands. One of the groups of the revolution confronted them and when the enemy forces arrived at Kidonam highlands the group engaged them in a fierce battle which continued for ten minutes during which our revolutionaries managed to kill one enemy member.

At 4.30 in the evening of the same day other enemy forces advanced using the coastal road to Wadi (Didif) situated under Kidonam highlands. Immediately they were confronted by our forces and a fierce battle ensued between the forces of invasion and our forces which continued for ten minutes during which four enemy members including a high-ranking British officer were killed and wounded. From our side no casualties were sustained. Long live the revolution and death is for the Iranian and British invaders and their traitorous puppets.